2025 CHANGES TO RETIREMENT PLAN CATCH-UP CONTRIBUTIONS



The SECURE 2.0 Act of 2022 introduced a number of changes to the rules pertaining to retirement plan contributions and distributions. The implementation of several of these provisions was delayed, but starting In 2025 we will see changes to the retirement plan catch-up contribution rules for those ages 60 to 63.

Currently, participants in 401(k), 403(b) and governmental 457(b) plans ages 50 and older can elect to make catch-up contributions up to \$7,500 in addition to the standard contribution limit of \$23,000.

Next year, the standard contribution limit will increase to \$23,500, but participants in these plans ages 60 to 63 will be allowed to make catch-up contributions up to \$11,250. All other individuals ages 50 and older will still have the option to contribute up to \$7,500 as a catch-up contribution on top of the standard contribution of \$23,500.

For those contributing to a SIMPLE IRA, the standard contribution limit in 2025 will be \$16,500. SIMPLE IRA participants ages 60 to 63 can also make a catch-up contribution of up to \$5,250. For all others who are ages 50 and up, the catch-up contribution limit will remain \$3,500.

Another change scheduled for 2026 is that participants in qualified retirement plans earning more than \$\$145,000 a year will be required to make all catch-up contributions to Roth accounts rather than to traditional pre-tax accounts. Employers who don't currently offer Roth accounts in these plans will have to have them in place by then. This rule will apply to 401(k), 403(b) and governmental 457(b) plans, but not to IRAs or SIMPLE IRAs.

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2025 Tax Guide

Income	Tax Brackets (Si	ingle)			Additional Changes					
Rate	2024 Income Ta	x Brackets	2025 Income Tax Brackets	Change	Standard Deduction		2024		2025	Change
10%	\$0 - \$11,600		\$0 - \$11,925	(+\$325)	Single	\$	14,600	\$	15,000	(+\$400)
12%	\$11,601 – \$47,1	50	\$11,926 – \$48,475	(+\$1,000)	Married Filing Jointly	\$	29,200	\$	30,000	(+\$800)
22%	\$47,151 – \$100,	525	\$48,476 - \$103,350	(+\$1,500)	Single over 65	\$	16,550	\$	17,000	(+\$450)
24%	\$100,526 – \$191	1,950	\$103,351 – \$197,300	(+\$2,525)	Married Filing Jointly, both over 65	\$	32,300	\$	33,200	(+\$900)
32%	\$191,951 – \$243	3,725	\$197,301 – \$250,525	(+\$1,450)						
35%	\$243,726 - \$609	9,350	\$250,526 - \$626,350	(+\$10,200)	Gift and Estate Taxes		2024		2025	Change
37%	Over \$609,350		Over \$626,350	(+\$17,000)	Annual Exclusion Gift	\$	18,000	\$	19,000	(+\$1,000)
Income	Tax Brackets (M	arried Filin	g Jointly)		Annual Gift Tax Exclusion to Non-U.S. Citizen Spouse	\$	185,000	\$	190,000	(+\$5,000)
Rate	2024 Income Ta		2025 Income Tax Brackets	Change	Federal Estate Tax Exemption	\$	13,610,000	\$ 1	3,990,000	(+\$380,000)
10%	\$0 - \$23,200		\$0 - \$23,850	(+\$650)						
12%	\$23,201 – \$94,3	800	\$23,851 – \$96,950	(+\$2,000)	Retirement Plan Contribution Limits		2024		2025	Change
					404(b) 400(b) 0 457(b) plan and wheating					
22%	\$94,301 – \$201,		\$96,951 – \$206,700	(+\$3,000)	401(k), 403(b) & 457(b) plan contributions	\$	23,000	•	23,500	(+\$500)
24%	\$201,051 – \$383	•	\$206,701 – \$394,600	(+\$5,050)	Catch up provision for 50-59, & 64+	\$	7,500		7,500	(+\$0)
32%	\$383,901 – \$487	•	\$394,601 – \$501,050	(+\$2,900)	Catch up provision for 60-63		N/A		11,250	(+\$0)
35%	\$487,451 – \$731	1,200	\$501,051 – \$751,600	(+\$6,800)	Defined Contribution Plan	\$	69,000	•	70,000	(+\$1,000)
37%	Over \$731,200		Over \$751,600	(+\$20,400)	SIMPLE Plans	\$	16,000		16,500	(+\$500)
					Catch up provision for 50-59, & 64+	\$	3,500		3,500	(+\$0)
Income Tax Brackets (Estates & Trusts)				Catch up provision for 60-63		N/A		5,250	(+\$0)	
Rate	2024 Income Ta	x Brackets	2025 Income Tax Brackets	Change	Traditional and Roth IRA	\$	7,000		7,000	(+\$0)
10%	\$0 – \$3,100		\$0 – \$3,150	(+\$50)	Catch up provision for 50+	\$	1,000		1,000	(+\$0)
24%	\$3,101 – \$11,15		\$3,151 – \$11,450	(+\$250)	Defined Benefit Plan Limit	\$	275,000	\$	280,000	(+\$5,000)
35%	\$11,151 – \$15,2	200	\$11,451 – \$15,650	(+\$150)						
37%	Over \$15,200		Over \$15,650	(+\$450)						
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Capital Gains Tax Brackets 2024 Capital Gains Taxes 0% 15% 20%					2025 Capital Gains Taxes	0%		15%		20%
Single		0 – \$47,025	\$47,026 – \$518,900	Over \$518,900	Single		\$48,350		\$533,400	Over \$533,400
-	·			Over \$516,900 Over \$583,750	Married Filing Jointly		\$46,330 \$96,700			, ,
		0 - \$94,050	\$94,051 – \$583,750 \$3,151 \$15,450	. ,	Trust		. ,		\$600,500	Over \$600,500
Trust	\$(0 – \$3,150	\$3,151 – \$15,450	Over \$15,450	Hust	Φ ∪ −	\$3,250	\$3,251 – \$	15,900	Over \$15,900

Source: Internal Revenue Service (IRS).



2025 Tax Guide

Limits Changes 2024 2025 Change Age of retiree Divisor Age of retiree Qualified Charitable Distribution Limit \$ 105,000 \$ 108,000 (+\$3,000) 72 27.4 97 Flexible Spending Account Limit \$ 3,200 \$ 3,300 (+\$100) 73 26.5 98 Student Loan Interest Deduction Phase Out (Single) \$ 95,000 \$ 100,000 (+\$5,000) 74 25.5 99 Student Loan Interest Deduction Phase Out (Married) \$ 190,000 \$ 200,000 (+\$10,000) 75 24.6 100 Health Savings Account Limit (Single) \$ 4,150 \$ 4,300 (+\$150) 76 23.7 101 Health Savings Account Limit (Family) \$ 8,300 \$ 8,550 (+\$250) 77 22.9 102 Catch up provision for 55-65 \$ 1,000 \$ 1,000 (+\$0) 78 22 103	7.8 7.3 6.8 6.4
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Catch up provision for 55-65	5.6
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79 21.1 104	4.9
New Rules 80 20.2 105	4.6
A lifetime limit of \$35,000 may now be rolled from a 529 plan to a Roth IRA for the same 81 19.4 beneficiary so long as the 529 plan has been in existence for 15 years.	4.3
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83 17.7 108	3.9
84 16.8 109	3.7
Required Minimum Distribution Beginning Date Age 85 16 110	3.5
Born Before July 1st 1949 70.5 86 15.2 111	3.4
Born between July 1st, 1949 & Dec. 31st, 1950 72 87 14.4 112	3.3
Born between Jan. 1st, 1951 & Dec. 31st, 1959 73 88 13.7 113	3.1
Born on or after Jan. 1st, 1960 75 89 12.9 114	3
90 12.2 115	2.9
91 11.5 116	2.8
92 10.8 117	2.7
93 10.1 118	2.5
94 9.5 119	2.3
95 8.9 120 +	2
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